## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## 0680 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

0680/41 Paper 4 (Alternative to Coursework), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2012 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



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## **General notes**

Symbols used in Environmental Management mark schemes.

- / separates alternatives for a marking point other valid ways of expressing the same idea are also credited
- ; separates points for the award of a mark
- [3] indicates the number of marks available
- **[max 3]** the number shows the maximum number of marks available for the question where there are more marking points than total marks available
- [max 3] when part of the marks of a question must come from part of the mark scheme, this is indicated by non-bold marks showing the internal maxima for different parts of the question these non-bold marks are also used to show marks for bands where banded mark schemes are used
- *italic* indicates that this is information about the marking points and is not required to gain credit italic text is also used for comments about alternatives that should be accepted, ignored or rejected
- ora or reverse argument shows that an argument from an alternative viewpoint will be credited
- AW alternative wording, sometimes called 'or words to that effect' AW is used when there are many different ways of expressing the same idea
- the word / phrase in brackets is not required to gain marks but sets the context of the response for credit
  e.g. (nuclear) waste nuclear is not needed but if it was described as a domestic waste then no mark is awarded
- volcanic underlined words the answer must contain exactly this word
- ecf error carried forward if an incorrect answer is given to part of a question, and this answer is subsequently used by a candidate in later parts of the question, this indicates that the candidate's incorrect answer will be used as a starting point for marking the later parts of the question

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1	(a) (i)		nd jobs / better job / better pay / services / living stan : to work on farm anymore;	dards / join relatives / do	not [1]
	.,		<i>difference</i> = diarrhoea; = intestinal parasites;		[2]
	(ii)		s – close contact with infected children / overcrowdin rhoea – lack of clean water supply / food handling / /	•	[2]
	(iii)	three ques the g	l layout; e questions about children's health such as stions on lungs (coughing / pain / AW);; gut (stomach pains / weight loss);; other infections e.g. skin;		[max 4]
	(c) (i)		ple size likely to be too small / AW; sampling from one part of the settlement / AW;	1	[max 1]
	(ii)	simil	number of settlement sites; ar / large numbers of children; omly distributed / AW;	I	[max 1]
	(iii)	so m	dard method gives similar sample size; leans can be compared / stats calculated; om sampling / reliable method;	I	[max 2]
	(d) (i)	gree	n vegetables <b>and</b> soap;		[1]
	(ii)		nins / minerals / named vitamin / mineral; v highest consumption of green vegetables		[1]
	(iii)		ced bacterial transmission; cription of contamination of food with faeces / AW; ;	I	[max 2]
	• •		onable ways such as us piped water supply <b>and</b> reliable sewage removal;		
	red red	luced luced luced	vant supporting reasons such as contamination by faeces; contamination via food; contamination via direct human contact;		[max 3]
2	(a) (i)	pollu	ited air cannot escape to desert/ AW / pollution prod	uced on lowest ground;	[1]
	(ii)	pollu	ition trapped / less pollution blown away;		[1]
	(iii)	furth	er detail e.g. cold air above hot air / temperature inv	ersion / ref. very low winc	ls; <b>[1]</b>

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	(b)	(i)	to al	low a	enough parti comparison llect the foll	;	, / Δ\Δ/·			[max 2]
			easy			owing day	// Avv,			[max 2]
	(	ii)	(P =	) 5, (C	Q =) 7, (R =)	6 and (S	=) 8;			[1]
	(i	ii)	6.5;							[1]
	(c)	(i)	to in	nprove	e reliability;	accepts	so an avera	age can be c	alculated	[1]
	(	ii)	no with some supporting statement; content of supporting statement figures are all very similar / AW / settlement is one particle lower in two three / AW / ora; yes with some supporting statement; content of supporting statement no significant difference / AW;						wo months out of [2]	
	(i	ii)	y-ax both	is is a axes		ber of cer for orienta	ment dust p ation;	stance from p particles per o	blan in metres, day;	[4]
			•							
	()	v)			-			n source / AW uations / sligh	v; nt decrease / AW	/; <b>[2]</b>
	(	v)	prev	vailing	wind / wind	blowing ir	n that direc	tion most of t	the time / AW;	[1]
	(d)	(i)	5 (%	b);;	if answer inc	correct, cr	edit correc	t working to r	max 1	[2]
	(	ii)	22.0	)5 (Eg	yptian pound	ds);				[1]
3	(a)	(i)			onverters / / car share				l / only allowed	to drive alternate [max 2]
	(	ii)	only	a ver	enforce; y small cont nployment /					[3]
	(b)	(i)	no tr	anspo	abour /quick ort needed; named nutr		K) returnec	to soil / can	be absorbed by	next crop; <b>[max 2]</b>
	(	ii)	no ne stubl build free	eed to ble is ling w mater	e used for c buy in woo free fuel; ithout polluti ials; ailable / AW	d / other f on;		pollution;		[max 2]

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avoi food impr	eople can afford the food; d costs of importing; security / sufficiency / described; oved living standards; o exports;			[max 2]
cement invest in rice stub to replac convert	developments such as production to carry on as long as o cement dust as a waste treatmen ble to be composted; e expensive fertilisers; o fuels; r packaging;			
cement burning better co	ns such as factories must have precipitators; stubble must be stopped by fines / illection / treatment of industrial w pags to be made from rice stubble	astes;		
···· ,		max 6 if only on	e aspect considere	ed [8]

[Total: 60]